

COMMERCE RESOURCES CORP.
REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
January 31, 2008 and October 31, 2007

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March 4, 2008

THESE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2008 AND 2007
HAVE NOT BEEN REVIEWED OR AUDITED BY THE COMPANY'S AUDITORS.

COMMERCE RESOURCES CORP.
BALANCE SHEETS
Unaudited

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>January 31,</u> <u>2008</u>	<u>October 31,</u> <u>2007</u>
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,086,003	\$ 29,189,043
Marketable securities – Notes 2(1) and 3	46,775	48,110
Amounts receivable	3,336	4,439
Goods and services tax receivable	237,691	184,956
Prepaid expenses	<u>56,390</u>	<u>2,694</u>
	28,430,195	29,429,242
Asset-backed commercial paper – Note 4	6,559,643	6,559,643
Reclamation bonds	24,500	24,500
Resource properties – Notes 5, 6 and Schedule I	<u>8,487,410</u>	<u>7,779,101</u>
	<u>\$ 43,501,748</u>	<u>\$ 43,792,486</u>

LIABILITIES

Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities – Note 7	\$ <u>113,556</u>	\$ <u>233,898</u>

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Share capital – Note 6	49,595,611	49,555,396
Share subscriptions receivable – Note 6	(59,700)	(112,500)
Contributed surplus – Note 6	3,729,480	3,729,480
Accumulated other comprehensive loss – Note 2(1)	(1,669,986)	(1,668,651)
Deficit	<u>(8,207,213)</u>	<u>(7,945,137)</u>
	<u>43,388,192</u>	<u>43,558,588</u>
	<u>\$ 43,501,748</u>	<u>\$ 43,792,486</u>

Commitments – Notes 5 and 6
Subsequent Events – Note 6

APPROVED BY THE DIRECTORS:

<u>“Shaun Ledding”</u> Shaun Ledding	Director	<u>“David Hodge”</u> David Hodge	Director
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SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES

COMMERCE RESOURCES CORP.
STATEMENTS OF NET LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
for the three months ended January 31, 2008 and 2007
Unaudited

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Administrative costs		
Administration fees – Note 7	\$ 225,000	\$ 60,000
Advertising and website	78,583	79,141
Bank charges and interest	402	410
Consulting fees	31,381	7,500
Filing and transfer agent fees	3,960	9,817
Investor relations	100,191	40,017
Office, telephone and miscellaneous – Note 7	10,015	5,705
Professional fees	28,100	0
Rent – Note 7	0	0
Stock-based compensation – Note 6	0	0
Travel and promotion	78,567	12,300
Wages and benefits – Note 7	<u>195</u>	<u>7,500</u>
Loss before other items and income taxes	556,394	222,390
Other items:		
Interest income	(294,318)	(47,587)
Gain on disposal of resource properties	<u>-</u>	<u>(10,160)</u>
Loss before income taxes	262,076	164,643
Recovery of future income taxes – Note 8	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net loss for the year	<u>262,076</u>	<u>164,643</u>
Other comprehensive loss		
Unrealized loss on asset-backed commercial paper – Note 4	-	-
Unrealized loss on marketable securities – Note 3	<u>1,335</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>1,335</u>	<u>-</u>
Comprehensive loss for the year	<u>\$ 263,411</u>	<u>\$ 164,643</u>
Basic and diluted loss per share	<u>\$ (0.003)</u>	<u>\$ (0.004)</u>
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	<u>90,698,193</u>	<u>40,718,163</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES

COMMERCE RESOURCES CORP.
STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
for the three months ended January 31, 2008 and the year ended October 31, 2007

	<u>Share Capital</u>		<u>Share Subscriptions Receivable</u>	<u>Contributed Surplus</u>	<u>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss</u>	<u>Deficit</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Number</u>	<u>Dollars</u>					
Balance, October 31, 2006	53,310,351	9,156,025	(166,100)	722,895	-	(4,271,021)	5,441,799
Issuance of share capital	28,877,442	33,257,580	53,600	-	-	-	33,311,180
Share issue costs	263,212	(2,835,994)	-	926,153	-	-	(1,909,841)
Exercise of warrants	25,366,760	7,970,383	-	-	-	-	7,970,383
Exercise of stock options:							
Cash proceeds	2,885,500	615,730	-	-	-	-	615,730
Ascribed value	-	419,628	-	(419,628)	-	-	-
Shares and warrants for property	735,000	1,014,300	-	176,602	-	-	1,190,902
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	2,323,458	-	-	2,323,458
Future tax recovery on flow-through shares (net)	-	(42,256)	-	-	-	-	(42,256)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(3,674,116)	(3,674,116)
Write-down of asset-backed commercial paper	-	-	-	-	(1,639,911)	-	(1,639,911)
Unrealized losses on available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	(28,740)	-	(28,740)
Balance, October 31, 2007	<u>111,438,265</u>	<u>\$ 49,555,396</u>	<u>\$ (112,500)</u>	<u>\$ 3,729,480</u>	<u>\$ (1,668,651)</u>	<u>\$ (7,945,137)</u>	<u>\$ 43,558,588</u>
Issuance of share capital	-	-	52,800	-	-	-	52,800
Share issue costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exercise of warrants	95,750	40,215	-	-	-	-	40,215
Exercise of stock options:							
Cash proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ascribed value	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares and warrants for property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Future tax recovery on flow-through shares (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(262,076)	(262,076)
Write-down of asset-backed commercial paper	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrealized losses on available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	(1,335)	-	(1,335)
Balance, January 31, 2008	<u>111,534,015</u>	<u>\$ 49,595,611</u>	<u>\$ (59,700)</u>	<u>\$ 3,729,480</u>	<u>\$ (1,669,986)</u>	<u>\$ (7,945,137)</u>	<u>\$ 43,388,192</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES

COMMERCE RESOURCES CORP.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
for the three months ended January 31, 2008 and 2007
Unaudited

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Operating Activities		
Net loss for the year	\$ (262,076)	\$ (164,643)
Add (deduct) items not affecting cash:		
Gain on disposition of marketable securities	-	-
Gain on disposal of resource properties	-	(10,160)
Stock-based compensation	-	-
Recovery of future income taxes	-	-
	<u>(262,076)</u>	<u>(174,803)</u>
Changes in non-cash working capital items related to operations:		
Amounts receivable	(51,631)	82,699
Prepaid expenses	(53,697)	76,210
Accounts payable	<u>(120,342)</u>	<u>143,773</u>
Cash used in operating activities	<u>(487,746)</u>	<u>(127,879)</u>
Financing Activities		
Issue of share capital for cash, net	40,215	2,660,701
Share subscriptions receivable	52,800	-
Advances from related parties	-	-
Cash provided by financing activities	<u>93,015</u>	<u>2,660,701</u>
Investing Activities		
Acquisition of resource properties	(102,276)	(30,000)
Proceeds from property option agreements	-	10,000
Deferred exploration and development costs	<u>(606,033)</u>	<u>(431,254)</u>
Cash used in investing activities	<u>(708,309)</u>	<u>(451,254)</u>
Increase in cash during the year	(1,103,040)	2,337,326
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>29,189,043</u>	<u>3,182,794</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 28,086,003</u>	<u>\$ 5,520,120</u>
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:		
Cash	\$ 897,906	\$ 3,185,548
Guaranteed Investment Certificates	<u>27,188,097</u>	<u>2,334,572</u>
	<u>\$ 28,086,003</u>	<u>\$ 5,520,120</u>

Non-cash Transactions – Note 9

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES

COMMERCE RESOURCES CORP.
SCHEDULE OF RESOURCE PROPERTIES
for the three months ended January 31, 2008

Schedule I

	<u>Blue River</u> <u>Claims</u>	<u>Eldor</u> <u>Property</u>	<u>Other</u> <u>Claims</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Acquisition costs				
Balance, beginning of the year	\$ 114,411	\$ 1,190,901	\$ 28,927	\$ 1,334,239
Cash	-	-	-	-
Staking	84,630	17,646	-	102,276
Shares	-	-	-	-
Less: option proceeds	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Balance, end of the year	<u>199,041</u>	<u>1,208,547</u>	<u>28,927</u>	<u>1,436,515</u>
Deferred exploration and development costs				
Balance, beginning of the year	<u>5,653,480</u>	<u>681,485</u>	<u>109,897</u>	<u>6,444,862</u>
Drilling	-	-	-	-
Drafting and engineering	61,956	39,211	-	101,167
Environmental consulting fees	269,553	-	-	269,553
Geological consulting fees – Note 7	7,368	3,925	-	11,293
Lab analysis	111,307	33,343	-	144,650
Overhead	1,512	1,840	-	3,352
Supplies	19,414	51,808	-	71,222
Travel	<u>-</u>	<u>4,796</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,796</u>
	<u>471,110</u>	<u>134,923</u>	<u>43,001</u>	<u>606,033</u>
Balance, end of the year	<u>6,124,590</u>	<u>816,408</u>	<u>109,897</u>	<u>7,050,895</u>
Balance, October 31, 2007	<u>\$ 6,323,631</u>	<u>\$ 2,024,955</u>	<u>\$ 138,824</u>	<u>\$ 8,487,410</u>

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SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES

COMMERCE RESOURCES CORP.
SCHEDULE OF RESOURCE PROPERTIES
for the year ended October 31, 2007

	<u>Blue River</u> <u>Claims</u>	<u>Eldor</u> <u>Property</u>	<u>Other</u> <u>Claims</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Acquisition costs				
Balance, beginning of the year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,767	\$ 33,767
Cash	45,000	-	10,000	55,000
Staking	69,411	-	-	69,411
Shares	-	1,190,901	-	1,190,901
Less: option proceeds	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(14,840)</u>	<u>(14,840)</u>
Balance, end of the year	<u>114,411</u>	<u>1,190,901</u>	<u>28,927</u>	<u>1,334,239</u>
Deferred exploration and development costs				
Balance, beginning of the year	<u>2,036,759</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>66,896</u>	<u>2,103,655</u>
Drilling	833,260	-	-	833,260
Drafting and engineering	1,136,451	532,129	-	1,668,580
Environmental consulting fees	973,523	-	-	973,523
Geological consulting fees – Note 7	324,151	13,122	21,917	359,190
Lab analysis	163,013	-	-	163,013
Overhead	98,368	76,672	824	175,864
Recording fees and staking	3,250	2,652	20,260	26,162
Travel	<u>84,705</u>	<u>56,910</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>141,615</u>
	<u>3,616,721</u>	<u>681,485</u>	<u>43,001</u>	<u>4,341,207</u>
Balance, end of the year	<u>5,653,480</u>	<u>681,485</u>	<u>109,897</u>	<u>6,444,862</u>
Balance, October 31, 2007	<u>\$ 5,767,891</u>	<u>\$ 1,872,386</u>	<u>\$ 138,824</u>	<u>\$ 7,779,101</u>

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES

COMMERCE RESOURCES CORP.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
January 31, 2008 and October 31, 2007

Note 1 Nature of Operations

Commerce Resources Corp. (the “Company”) is a public company listed on the TSX Venture Exchange in Canada and on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange in Germany. The Company was incorporated on May 19, 1999 under the Company Act of British Columbia and is in the business of acquiring, exploring, developing and evaluating mineral resource properties, and either joint venturing or developing these properties further or disposing of them when the evaluation is completed. The Company is in the exploration stage and has interests in properties located in British Columbia (“B.C.”), Canada.

The recoverability of amounts shown for resource properties is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, continuation of the Company’s interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability of the Company to obtain financing to complete their development, and future profitable production or disposition thereof.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) in Canada. Because a precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of financial statements for a period necessarily involves the use of estimates which have been made using careful judgement. Actual results could vary from these estimates.

The financial statements have in management’s opinion, been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of the significant accounting policies summarized below:

a) Cash and Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of all highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash within 90 days when purchased.

b) Resource Properties

The Company defers the cost of acquiring, maintaining its interest, exploring and developing mineral properties until such time as the properties are placed into production, abandoned, sold or considered to be impaired in value. Costs of producing properties will be amortized on a unit of production basis and costs of abandoned properties are written-off. Proceeds received on the sale of interests in mineral properties are credited to the carrying value of the mineral properties, with any excess included in operations. Write-downs due to impairment in value are charged to operations.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (cont'd)

b) Resource Properties – (cont'd)

The Company is in the process of exploring and developing its mineral properties and has not yet determined the amount of reserves available. Management reviews the carrying value of mineral properties on a periodic basis and will recognize impairment in value based upon current exploration results, the prospect of further work being carried out by the Company, the assessment of future probability of profitable revenues from the property or from the sale of the property. Amounts shown for properties represent costs incurred net of write-downs and recoveries, and are not intended to represent present or future values.

c) Equipment

Equipment is recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated over the estimated useful lives using the declining balance method at the following annual rates:

Furniture and equipment	20%
Computer equipment	30%

Additions during the year are amortized at one-half the annual rates.

d) Basic and Diluted Loss Per Share

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing the loss for the year by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if potentially dilutive securities are exercised or converted to common stock. The dilutive effect of options and warrants and their equivalent is computed by application of the treasury stock method. Fully dilutive amounts are not presented when the effect of the computations is anti-dilutive due to the losses incurred. However, shares issuable on exercise of stock options and warrants totalling 36,890,043 (2007: 36,985,793) were not included in the computation of diluted loss per share because the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

e) Fair Market Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments, consist of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, amounts receivable, share subscriptions receivable and accounts payable. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (cont'd)

f) Income Taxes

Income taxes are calculated using the asset and liability method of accounting. Future income tax assets and liabilities relate to the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying value of balance sheet items and their corresponding tax values. Future income tax assets and liabilities are calculated using tax rates anticipated to apply in periods that the temporary differences are expected to reverse and are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax law and rates on the date of enactment or substantive enactment. Future income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that the net future income tax assets will be realized.

g) Asset Retirement Obligations

The fair value of obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets is recorded in the period the asset is put into use, with a corresponding increase to the carrying amount of the related asset. The obligations recognized are statutory, contractual or legal obligations. The liability is accreted over time for changes in the fair value of the liability through charges to accretion, which is included in depletion, amortization and accretion expense. The costs capitalized to the related assets are amortized in a manner consistent with the depletion and amortization of the related asset. The Company has estimated the fair value of the resource properties' site restoration costs, if any, are insignificant.

h) Mining Tax Credits

Mining tax credits are recorded in the accounts when there is reasonable assurance that the Company has complied with, and will continue to comply with, all conditions needed to obtain the credits. These non-repayable mining tax credits are earned in respect to exploration costs incurred in B.C., Canada and are recorded as a reduction of the related deferred exploration expenditures.

i) Foreign Currency Translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated into Canadian dollars at exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date and non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Foreign currency denominated revenues and expenses are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Gains or losses arising from the translations are recognized in the current year.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (cont'd)

j) Stock-based Compensation

The standard requires that all stock-based awards be measured and recognized in these financial statements using a fair value based method such as the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The fair value of stock options granted to non-employees is re-measured on each balance sheet date. Compensation expense for employees is generally amortized using the straight line method over the period from the grant date to the date the options vest. Compensation expense for non-employees is recognized immediately for past services and pro-rata for future services over the service provision period.

k) Flow-through Shares

Under the terms of flow-through share agreements, the related expenditures are renounced to the subscribers of such shares. In March 2004, the CICA issued Emerging Issue Committee Abstract No. 146, Flow-through Shares, which clarifies the recognition of previously unrecorded future income tax assets caused by renouncement of expenditures relating to flow-through shares. For flow-through shares issued after March 19, 2004, the Company records the tax effect related to the renounced deductions as a reduction of income tax expense in the statement of operations on the date that the Company renounces the deductions for investors.

l) Changes in Accounting Policies

Effective with the commencement of its 2007 fiscal year, the Company has adopted the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Handbook Section 1530, *Comprehensive Income*, CICA Handbook Section 3251, *Equity*, CICA Handbook Section 3855, *Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement*, CICA Handbook Section 3861, *Financial Instruments - Disclosure and Presentation*, and CICA Handbook Section 3865, *Hedges*. These new Handbook Sections, which apply to fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2006, provide comprehensive requirements for the recognition and measurement of financial instruments, as well as standards on when and how hedge accounting may be applied.

Consistent with the requirements of the new accounting standards, the Company has not restated any prior period amounts as a result of adopting the accounting changes. The effect of the adoption of these standards is summarized below:

i) Comprehensive Income, Section 1530

This Section establishes standards for reporting and displaying comprehensive income. Comprehensive income is defined as the change in equity from transactions and other events from non-owner sources. Other comprehensive income refers to items recognized in comprehensive income but that are excluded from net income calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A new category of shareholders' equity has been presented in relation to the new standards.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (cont'd)

1) Changes in Accounting Policies – (cont'd)

i) Comprehensive Income, Section 1530 – (cont'd)

The Company has adopted this standard and accordingly, the Company now reports an “accumulated other comprehensive loss” in the shareholders’ equity section of the balance sheet.

ii) Financial instruments – Recognition and Measurement, Section 3855

This standard sets out criteria for the recognition and measurement of financial instruments for fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2006. This standard requires all financial instruments within its scope, including derivatives, to be included on the balance sheet and measured either at fair value or, in certain circumstances when fair value may not be considered most relevant, at cost or amortized cost. Changes in fair value are to be recognized in either the statements of operations or the statement of comprehensive income.

All financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contract creating the item. As such, any of the Company’s outstanding financial assets and liabilities at the effective date of adoption are recognized and measured in accordance with the new requirements as if these requirements had always been in effect.

Under these new standards, all financial instruments are classified into one of the following five categories: held-for-trading, held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets or other financial liabilities. Initial and subsequent measurement and recognition of changes in the value of financial instruments depends on their initial classification:

- Held to maturity investments, loans and receivables, and other financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost. Amortization of premiums or discounts and transaction costs are amortized into net earnings (loss), using the effective interest method.
- Available for sale financial assets are measured at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses recorded in other comprehensive income until the asset is realized, at which time they will be recorded in net earnings.
- Held for trading financial instruments is measured at fair value. All gains and losses resulting from changes in their fair value are included in the statement of operations in the period in which they arise.
- All derivative financial instruments are classified as held for trading financial instruments and are measured at fair value, even when they are part of a hedging relationship. All gains and losses resulting from changes in their fair value are included in the statement of operations in the period in which they arise.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (cont'd)

1) Changes in Accounting Policies – (cont'd)

ii) Financial instruments – Recognition and Measurement, Section 3855 – (cont'd)

In accordance with this new standard, the Company has classified its financial instruments as follows:

- Cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and asset-backed commercial paper are classified as available for sale. They are recorded at fair value at initial recognition. Subsequent revaluation resulting in gains or losses is recorded in the statements of other comprehensive income. There was no impact on the opening balance of accumulated other comprehensive income upon the adoption of these new standards.
- Amounts receivable is classified as loans and receivables. They are recorded at cost, which on initial recognition represents their fair value. Subsequent valuations are recorded at amortized cost using the effective interest method.
- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as other liabilities. They are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent valuations are recorded at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

iii) Financial Instruments – Disclosure and Presentation, Section 3861:

This standard sets out standards which address the presentation of financial instruments and non-financial derivatives, and identifies the related information that should be disclosed. These standards also revise the requirements for entities to provide accounting policy disclosures, including disclosure of the criteria for designating as held-for-trading those financial assets or liabilities that are not required to be classified as held-for-trading; whether categories of normal purchases and sales of financial assets are accounted for at trade date or settlement date; the accounting policy for transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities classified as other than held-for-trading; and provides several new requirements for disclosure about fair value.

The Company has chosen to recognize all transaction costs to the statement of net loss on all financial liabilities that have been designated as other than held for trading.

iv) Hedging, Section 3865:

This standard specifies the circumstances under which hedge accounting is permissible and how hedge accounting may be performed. The Company currently does not hold any financial instruments designated for hedge accounting.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (cont'd)

l) Changes in Accounting Policies – (cont'd)

v) Accounting Changes, Section 1506:

Section 1506 revised the standards on changes in accounting policy, estimates or errors to require a change in accounting policy to be applied retrospectively (unless doing so is impracticable or is specified otherwise by a new accounting standard), changes in estimates to be recorded prospectively, and prior period errors to be corrected retrospectively. Voluntary changes in accounting policy are allowed only when they result in financial statements that provide reliable and more relevant information. In addition, these revised standards call for enhanced disclosures about the effects of changes in accounting policies, estimates and errors on the financial statements. The impact of this new standard cannot be determined until such time as the Company makes a change in accounting policy, other than the changes resulting from the implementation of the new CICA Handbook standards discussed in this note.

m) International Financial Reporting Standards

The CICA plans to converge Canadian GAAP with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") over a transition period expected to end in 2011. The impact of the transition to IFRS on the Company's financial statements has yet to be determined.

Note 3 Marketable securities

	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Unrealized Loss</u>	<u>Fair Value January 31, 2008</u>	<u>Fair Value October 31, 2007</u>
Available-for-sale	\$ 76,850	\$ 30,075	\$ 46,775	\$ 48,110

Note 4 Asset-Backed Commercial Paper

As at January 31, 2008, notes held in asset-backed commercial paper ("paper") at Canaccord Capital Inc. totaled \$8,199,554. Included in this amount is \$2,157,305 which should have matured by August 27, 2007 and September 26, 2007, was not paid and remains outstanding. The investment was rated "R1" by Dominion Bond Rating Services.

Management of the Company assessed the market value of the paper at the end of fiscal 2007 and decided to write down the paper by 20% (\$1,639,911), based on Canaccord Capital Inc. writing down its asset-backed commercial paper by a similar percentage in the nine months ended December 31, 2007. No changes to this provision were recorded in the current year.

Note 5 Resource Properties

Blue River Claims – (formerly Verity and Fir Claims)

The Company has a 100% interest in its Verity and Fir claims, located in the Blue River region of the Kamloops Mining District of B.C., Canada, which were previously acquired by staking. During the year ended October 31, 2007, the Company acquired three additional claims adjacent to the Fir claims.

Eldor Property

The Company acquired by staking and a purchase agreement with Virginia Mines Inc. (“Virginia Mines”) a 100% interest in the Eldor Carbonatite Complex, located in the Labrador Trough area of Quebec, Canada. The Company has agreed to purchase 8 mineral claims covering a portion of the Eldor Carbonatite. The claims are adjacent to the approximately 88 claims staked previously. Pursuant to the terms of the purchase agreement, the Company issued 710,000 common shares and 290,000 share purchase warrants to Virginia Mines. The share purchase warrants are exercisable at \$1.12 per share with an expiry date of two years from date of issuance. In connection with this transaction, the Company issued 25,000 common shares as a finder’s fee. The total of 735,000 common shares issued for this transaction is valued at \$1,014,300 which is determined by the closing price of the Company’s shares on the date of the execution of the option agreement. A charge of \$176,602 has been recorded in resource properties acquisition costs in respect to the share purchase warrants. The fair value of these warrants has been determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	<u>2007</u>
Weighted average fair value of warrants issued	\$ 0.61
Expected dividend yield	0.0%
Expected volatility	62.1%
Risk-free interest rate	4.50%
Expected term in years	2 years

Virginia Mines will also be entitled to a 1% net smelter royalty. A total of 5 claims noted above are subject to an underlying 5% net profit royalty, which can be purchased for \$500,000.

Other Claims

Other claims consist of mineral claims located in B.C., Canada known as the Cable Creek, Mud Lake, Carbo and Au/WEN claims. During the year ended October 31, 2007 the Company sold all of its interest in the Au/WEN claims.

Note 6 Share Capital

Authorized:

Unlimited common shares without par value

Issued:

		<u>Number</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Balance, October 31, 2006		53,310,351	\$ 9,156,025
Issued for Eldor property:	- at \$1.38	735,000	1,014,300
Issued for cash:			
– Private placements	- at \$0.32	1,585,625	507,400
	- at \$1.20	27,291,817	32,750,180
Less: share issuance costs		263,212	(2,835,994)
– Exercise of warrants	- at \$0.12	2,083,333	250,000
	- at \$0.18	10,195,450	1,835,181
	- at \$0.42	146,250	61,425
	- at \$0.45	12,941,727	5,823,777
– Exercise of options	- at \$0.10	600,000	60,000
	- at \$0.15	500,000	75,000
	- at \$0.18	700,000	126,000
	- at \$0.20	100,000	20,000
	- at \$0.21	113,000	23,730
	- at \$0.30	500,000	150,000
	- at \$0.35	135,000	47,250
	- at \$0.40	50,000	20,000
	- at \$0.50	187,500	93,750
Transfer of contributed surplus on exercise of options		-	419,628
Less: future income tax recovery on flow-through shares		-	(42,256)
Balance, October 31, 2007		<u>111,438,265</u>	<u>\$ 49,555,396</u>
Issued for cash:			
– Private placements		-	-
Less: share issuance costs		-	-
– Exercise of warrants	- at \$0.42	95,750	40,215
– Exercise of options		-	-
Transfer of contributed surplus on exercise of options		-	-
Less: future income tax recovery on flow-through shares		-	-
Balance, January 31, 2008		<u>111,534,015</u>	<u>\$ 49,595,611</u>

Note 6 Share Capital – (cont'd)

Issued: – (cont'd)

During the year ended October 31, 2007, the Company issued 28,877,442 common shares pursuant to the following private placements:

- a) Issued 1,585,625 common shares pursuant to a non-brokered private placement of units at \$0.32 per unit for total proceeds of \$507,400. Each unit consists of one flow-through common share and one share purchase warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase an additional common share for each warrant held for \$0.42 per share until January 9, 2009. Of the 1,585,625 common shares issued pursuant to the private placement, 640,625 common shares were issued to directors of the Company.
- b) Issued 27,291,817 common shares pursuant to a private placement of units at \$1.20 per unit for total proceeds of \$32,750,180. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase an additional common share for each warrant held for \$1.50 per share until July 24, 2009. Of the 27,291,817 common shares issued pursuant to the private placement, 145,000 common shares were issued to directors of the Company and a company with a common director. Finders' fees relating to this offering were 263,212 common shares (valued at \$1.20 per share, which is the offering price of the private placement) cash of \$1,909,841 and 1,232,101 brokers warrants entitling the holders to purchase one unit at \$1.20 per unit for each warrant held up to August 1, 2009. The units have the same terms as in this private placement. The fair value of the brokers' warrants issued is \$926,153 which has been determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	<u>2007</u>
Weighted average fair value of warrants issued	\$ 0.75
Expected dividend yield	0.0%
Expected volatility	103%
Risk-free interest rate	4.73%
Expected term in years	2 years

Subsequent to October 31, 2007, the Company received payment in respect to the subscriptions receivable of \$112,500.

All proceeds from the above private placements were allocated to share capital with no amounts allocated to the attached warrants.

Note 6 Share Capital – (cont'd)

Stock Options

The Company has a stock option plan for officers, directors, employees and consultants. Options are granted with an exercise price determined by the Board of Directors, which may not be less than 25% of the Company's stock price on the date of the grant. All stock options vest immediately, except for those granted to employees and/or consultants engaged in investor relations activities, of which no more than one-quarter of the options granted may vest in any three month period.

A summary of the stock options as of January 31, 2008 and October 31, 2007 is presented below:

	<u>January 31, 2008</u>		<u>October 31, 2007</u>	
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Weighted Average Exercise Price</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Weighted Average Exercise Price</u>
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	6,732,500	\$0.70	4,593,000	\$0.24
Granted	-	-	5,100,000	\$0.84
Exercised	-	-	(2,885,500)	\$0.19
Forfeited	-	-	<u>(75,000)</u>	<u>\$0.10</u>
Options outstanding, end of the year	<u>6,732,500</u>	<u>\$0.70</u>	<u>6,732,500</u>	<u>\$0.70</u>
Options exercisable, end of the period	<u>6,532,500</u>	<u>\$0.63</u>	<u>5,532,500</u>	<u>\$0.63</u>

Note 6 Share Capital – (cont'd)

Stock Options – (cont'd)

During the period ended January 31, 2008, a compensation charge associated with stock-based compensation in the amount of \$nil (2007: \$2,323,458) has been recorded in the statements of operations. The fair value of the compensation charges has been determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	<u>2007</u>
Weighted average fair value of options granted	\$0.84
Expected dividend yield	0.0%
Expected volatility	58% - 63%
Risk-free interest rate	4.00% -4.50%
Expected term in years	2-5 years

At January 31, 2008, the Company had 6,732,500 (2007: 6,732,500) share purchase options outstanding entitling the holders thereof the right to purchase one common share as follows:

<u>2007</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>Exercise Price</u>	<u>Expiry Date</u>
62,500		62,500	\$0.50	June 9, 2008
250,000		250,000	\$0.15	February 6, 2011
20,000		20,000	\$0.18	February 20, 2011
250,000		250,000	\$0.21	February 20, 2011
500,000		500,000	\$0.30	March 15, 2011
550,000		550,000	\$0.35	September 27, 2011
2,000,000		2,000,000	\$0.67	March 16, 2012
500,000		500,000	\$0.55	March 31, 2012
500,000		500,000	\$0.75	March 31, 2012
550,000		550,000	\$1.15	April 16, 2012
100,000		100,000	\$1.25	April 17, 2012
250,000		250,000	\$1.12	June 6, 2012
1,000,000		1,000,000	\$1.00	September 20, 2012
<u>200,000</u>		<u>200,000</u>	\$1.15	October 3, 2012
<u>6,732,500</u>		<u>6,732,500</u>		

At January 31, 2008, the 6,732,500 share purchase options outstanding have exercise prices between \$0.15 and \$1.25 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3.57 years.

Note 6 Share Capital – (cont'd)

Stock Options – (cont'd)

During the year ended October 31, 2007, a total of 2,885,500 stock options were exercised at prices ranging from \$0.10 - \$0.50 per share for proceeds of \$615,730.

Share Purchase Warrants

	<u>January 31, 2008</u>			<u>October 31, 2007</u>		
	<u>Number of Warrants</u>	<u>Weighted Average Exercise Price</u>	<u>Weighted Average Life (Years)</u>	<u>Number of Warrants</u>	<u>Weighted Average Exercise Price</u>	<u>Weighted Average Life (Years)</u>
Balance, beginning of year	28,731,192	\$1.45	1.0	25,243,260	\$0.31	1.0
Issued	-	-		28,877,442	\$1.44	2.0
Exercised	(95,750)	\$0.42	1.0	(25,364,510)	\$0.31	1.0
Expired	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>(25,000)</u>	<u>\$0.23</u>	<u>1.0</u>
Balance, end of year	<u>28,635,442</u>	<u>\$1.45</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>28,731,192</u>	<u>\$1.45</u>	<u>2.0</u>

The following share purchase warrants are outstanding entitling the holder thereof the right to purchase one common share for each warrant held:

<u>Number</u>		<u>Exercise Price</u>	<u>Expiry Date</u>
<u>January 31, 2008</u>	<u>October 31, 2007</u>		
1,343,625	1,439,375	\$0.42	January 9, 2009
3,761,003	3,761,003	\$1.50	June 26, 2009
14,674,600	14,674,600	\$1.50	July 24, 2009
<u>8,856,214</u>	<u>8,856,214</u>	\$1.50	August 1, 2009
<u>28,635,442</u>	<u>28,731,192</u>		

- a) 95,750 share purchase warrants expiring on or before January 9, 2009 were exercised at \$0.42 for total proceeds of \$40,215.

Note 6 Share Capital – (cont'd)

Brokers Units and Warrants

The following brokers units and warrants are also outstanding entitling the holder thereof the right to purchase one common share for each unit or warrant held:

<u>Number</u>		<u>Description</u>	<u>Exercise</u>	<u>Expiry Date</u>
<u>January 31, 2008</u>	<u>October 31, 2007</u>		<u>Price</u>	
290,000	290,000	Warrants	\$1.12	June 19, 2009
1,232,101	1,232,101	Brokers' units	\$1.20	August 1, 2009
<u>1,232,101</u>	<u>1,232,101</u>	Warrants*	\$1.50	August 1, 2009
<u>2,754,202</u>	<u>2,754,202</u>			

*Exercisable only if units are taken

Flow-through Shares

In December, 2006 the Company issued 1,585,625 flow-through common shares at \$0.32 per share for proceeds of \$507,400. The Company has spent the proceeds on exploration and development activities and renounced the expenditures to the flow-through shareholders. A future income tax recovery of \$42,256 (net of share issue costs) was recognized during the year ended October 31, 2007 as a result of this renunciation.

In November 2005, the Company issued 930,950 flow-through common shares at \$0.16 per share for proceeds of \$148,952. As at October 31, 2006, the Company had spent the proceeds on exploration and development activities and renounced the expenditures to the flow-through shareholders. A future income tax recovery of \$50,822 was recognized during the year ended October 31, 2006 as a result of this renunciation.

Note 6 Share Capital – (cont'd)

Contributed surplus

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 3,729,840	\$ 722,895
Stock based compensation	-	2,323,458
Reduction from the exercise of options	-	(419,628)
Issuance of warrants for resource property	-	176,702
Issuance of warrants for private placement	-	<u>926,153</u>
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 3,729,480</u>	<u>\$ 3,729,480</u>

Note 7 Related Party Transactions

Except as disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Company had the following related party transactions with directors of the Company and a company with a common director:

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Administration fees	\$ -	\$ 20,000
Deferred exploration and development costs	173,665	1,519,564
Consulting	5,252	-
Property investigation	-	8,762
Wages and benefits	-	<u>106,840</u>
	<u>\$ 178,917</u>	<u>\$ 1,655,166</u>

These charges were measured by the exchange amount, which is the amount agreed upon by the transacting parties.

At January 31, 2008, accounts payable includes \$47,566 (2007: \$104,903) due to a director and a company with a common director of the Company. In addition, the Company has a receivable of \$2,364 (2007: \$2,364) from a director of the Company. These amounts are non-interest bearing, unsecured and have no specific terms of repayment.

Note 8 Corporation Income Taxes

A reconciliation of the income tax provision computed at statutory rates to the reported income tax provision is as follows:

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Statutory tax rate	<u>34.12%</u>	<u>34.12%</u>
Loss before income taxes	<u>\$ (262,076)</u>	<u>\$(3,716,372)</u>
Expected income tax recovery	89,420	1,268,026
Increase (decrease) in income tax recovery resulting from:		
Resource allowance adjustment	-	-
Non-deductible stock-based compensation	-	(792,764)
Share issue costs	-	144,181
Other non-deductible items	-	(70,350)
Change in the valuation allowance for future income tax assets	<u>-</u>	<u>(506,837)</u>
Income tax recovery	<u>\$ 89,420</u>	<u>\$ 42,256</u>

The significant components of the Company's future income tax assets (liabilities) are as follows:

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Non-capital losses carry forward	\$ 1,505,492	\$ 1,416,072
Canadian development and exploration expenditures	(271,634)	(271,634)
Share issue costs	561,160	561,160
Other comprehensive loss	569,344	569,344
Other	<u>2,330</u>	<u>2,330</u>
	2,366,692	2,277,272
Less: valuation allowance	<u>(2,366,692)</u>	<u>(2,277,272)</u>
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The Company has recorded a valuation allowance against its net future income tax assets based on the extent to which it is more-likely-than-not that sufficient taxable income will not be realized during the carry-forward period to utilize all the net future tax assets.

During the period ended January 31, 2008, the Company renounced exploration expenditures relating to flow-through shares totalling \$nil (2007: \$507,400). These amounts are not available to the Company for future deduction from taxable income.

Note 8 Corporation Income Taxes – (cont'd)

Subject to certain restrictions, the Company has accumulated \$7,867,000 of Canadian development and exploration expenditures available to reduce taxable income of future years. In addition, the Company has accumulated non-capital losses totalling \$4,412,347 that are available to reduce taxable income of future years. The non-capital losses expire as follows:

2008	\$ 386,319
2009	386,658
2010	254,663
2014	296,389
2015	336,430
2026	703,156
2027	1,786,656
2028	<u>262,076</u>
	<u>\$ 4,412,347</u>

Note 9 Non-cash Transactions

Investing and financing activities that do not have a direct impact on current cash flows are excluded from the statement of cash flows. The following transactions have been excluded from the statement of cash flows:

During the year ended October 31, 2007:

- a) The Company received 50,000 common shares of another public company, having a market value of \$15,000, pursuant to an agreement to sell certain mineral claims.
- b) The Company issued 263,212 shares as finders' fees valued at \$315,854 (Note 6).
- c) The Company issued 735,000 common shares and 290,000 warrants on the acquisition of the Eldor Carbonatite Property, valued at \$1,190,902 (Note 5).

Note 10 Comparative figures

Certain figures included in the comparative financial statements as at October 31, 2006 and for the year then ended have been reclassified to conform with the presentation used in the current year.